INTO THE WOODS

Plotting a Course for a Successful Internal Investigation





Today's Agenda

Regulation and Enforcement in 2022



Into the Woods: The Life Cycle of an Investigation



Case Studies



Key Takeaways



Questions and Answers





Up next...

Regulation and Enforcement in 2022













Regulation and Enforcement 2022



• Biden administration focused on antitrust, cybercrime, environmental, corporate fraud, and pandemic fraud.



 Recent update to Corporate Criminal Enforcement Policies



 New "aggressive" posture, no admit / deny DPAs, focus on auditors as fraud detectors



Up next...



Into the Woods: The Life Cycle of an Investigation











Into the Woods: The Life Cycle of an Investigation

Identify



 Understand potential sources of investigation allegations and tips, whether internal or external, and their implications.

Plan



 Sketch out objectives of the investigation, the appropriate scope, the right team, and leadership/communication protocol.

information-gathering interviews, ordering of tasks, development of

summary and demonstrative information, and the impacts of COVID-19.

Investigate



Remediate

— *j*

report.

 Align investigation results with objectives, including an understanding of stakeholders and regulators, as well as any duties to disclose or self-

Conduct the investigation with a focus on documents and data,

Report



 Present the narrative to management, the board, regulators, or the media appropriately to meet objectives (and comply with best practices).

Into the Woods: Identifying the Problem

Identify



Understand potential sources of investigation allegations and tips,
whether internal or external, and their implications.

In-House





Internal Audit



Whistleblower/Ethics Hotline



Legal and Compliance

External





Subpoena/Request



Regulatory Sweeps



Media



Into the Woods: Planning the Investigation

Plan



 Sketch out objectives of the investigation, the appropriate scope, the right team, and leadership/communication protocol.

Goals of the Internal Investigation

- Process improvement?
- Quantify loss?
- Assess compliance?
- Root out bad actors?
- Meet regulatory requirements?
- Avoid penalties/bad press?

Scope of the Internal Investigation

- Data and Documents
- Time Period
- Geographies
- Business Segments/Corporate
- Questions to Be Answered
- How to Meet Goals



Into the Woods: Planning the Investigation

Plan



 Sketch out objectives of the investigation, the appropriate scope, the right team, and leadership/communication protocol.



Assembling the Right Team

What departments, skills, geographies, and experiences are needed *to form the right team* to conduct the investigation?



Assuming Leadership Responsibilities

Who is leading the investigation, and why? What is the appropriate flow of information and communication throughout the investigation?



Into the Woods: Conducting the Investigation



 Conduct the investigation with a focus on documents and data, information-gathering interviews, ordering of tasks, development of summary and demonstrative information, and the impacts of COVID-19.



Company Contacts

Identify personnel at company to support investigation, including legal, IT, operations, finance, and other leaders.





Documents and Data Analysis

Design and implement data collection, document review, and case management systems to process information for investigation.





Interviews and Counsel Participation

Conduct interviews with key company personnel based on review of documents and data; consider privilege requirements.

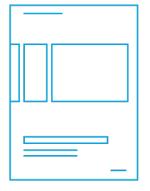




Into the Woods: Conducting the Investigation



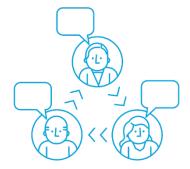
 Conduct the investigation with a focus on documents and data, information-gathering interviews, ordering of tasks, development of summary and demonstrative information, and the impacts of COVID-19.



Deliverables and Investigation Conclusion

- Verbal briefing
- Written report
- Workpapers and native files

What is required to communicate the results of the investigation to meet its objectives, while limiting the risk to the company, counsel, and investigators?



Considerations of Use

- Supporting arbitration/mediation
- Providing expert testimony
- Shared directly or repackaged

How will the output of the investigation be used, and by whom?



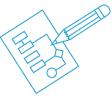
Into the Woods: Remediation



 Align investigation results with objectives, including an understanding of stakeholders and regulators, as well as any duties to disclose or self-report.



Identify appropriate stakeholders and the associated information for each, including the board, regulatory agencies, company auditors, and investors at large.



Develop a remediation plan to *fix* any identified issues as well as *stop* other issues from arising in the future.



Consider whether self-reporting to regulators is beneficial to the company and when to notify agencies.



Into the Woods: Reporting

Report



 Present the narrative to management, the board, regulators, or the media appropriately to meet objectives (and comply with best practices).

Cooperation and Sentencing Considerations



Seaboard Report

Cooperation credit in enforcement actions



Yates Memorandum

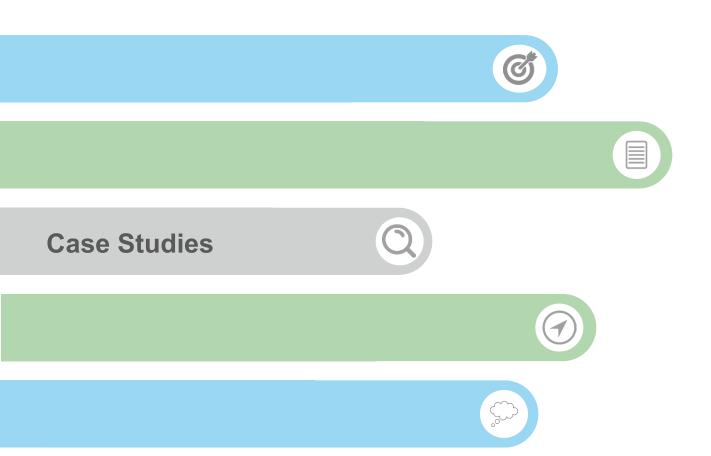
Regulatory focus on individual accountability



Factors that impact the outcome



Up next...





 Provides data around testing, performance monitoring, and quality of experience (QoE) management for mobile apps

 SaaS-type business, valuation based on changes to annual recurring revenue or ARR





 Provided services directly to corporate customers



 Worked with third-party resellers to market and sell



- Sales agreements were known and binding
- Sales agreements could be binding or letters of intent





CEO Manish Lachwani

 Maintained ARR calculation / presentation in an Excel spreadsheet

Garnered valuations in Series
B and C of \$500 million and
\$1.1 billion, respectively



 ARR was inflated by Lachwani to make the company appear more valuable



 Lachwani used the ARR spreadsheet to entice investment into HeadSpin

 Company valued at \$1.1 billion during Series C funding round





 Mar 2020 – Board made aware of ARR issues; investigation conducted



- ARR of \$80 million written down to \$10 million
- Valuation falls from \$1.1 billion to \$300 million



- May 2020 CEO forced to resign
- Board hires new CEO, COO, GC, Controller



Press Release

Remediation Helps Tech Company Avoid Penalties

SEC's fraud case against Silicon Valley-based HeadSpin, Inc.'s former CEO is ongoing

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE 2022-14

Washington D.C., Jan. 28, 2022 — The Securities and Exchange Commission today announced settled fraud charges without a penalty against HeadSpin, Inc., a private technology company that made significant remedial efforts in the wake of an internal investigation into misconduct by its now former CEO.

"HeadSpin's remediation and cooperation included not just its internal investigation and revised valuation, but also repaying harmed investors and improving its governance—all of which were factors that counseled against the imposition of a penalty in this case."



Case Study – Ericsson

Settled 16 year FCPA allegations in 2019



Almost \$1 billion in fines and penalties

Required to hire independent monitor for three-year period

 Plead guilty to inappropriate activity in Djibouti, China, Vietnam, Indonesia, and Kuwait



Case Study – Ericsson

Kitchen Sink of ABAC / FCPA Violations:



Dijbouti: setup sham consulting firm to pay spouse of government official



China: payments to third party providers for services not performed; slush-fund travel expense account for government officials



Vietnam: payments to consulting firm associated with customers to then pay providers who would not pass company due diligence procedures



Kuwait: paid off government insider for information about changes in telecommunications needs of Kuwaiti infrastructure



Indonesia: off-the-books slush fund payments



Case Study - Ericsson





Three Year Monitor appointed to review Ericsson response to DOJ-identified issues

- The main responsibilities of the monitors include the review of:
 - compliance with the terms of the regulations
 - the assessment of the company's progress in the implementation and operation of its improved compliance program and the accompanying controls
 - the formulation of recommendations for improvement.



Case Study - Ericsson

 DOJ informs Ericsson that it breached DPA terms based on previously undisclosed conduct in Iraq

 Ericsson argues that this conduct was covered in prior investigation

Time will tell...

Update on Deferred Prosecution Agreement

Available in English Svenska

PRESS RELEASE | MAR 02, 2022 04:45 (GMT +00:00)

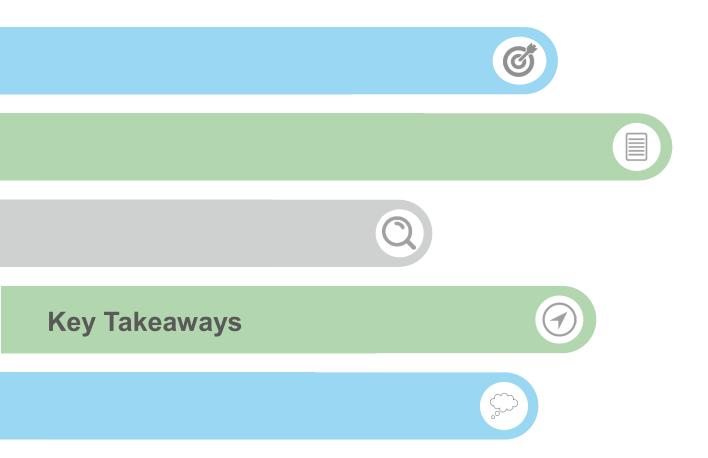
About Ericsson

On December 6, 2019, Ericsson entered into a Deferred Prosecution Agreement (DPA) with the United States Department of Justice (DOJ). On March 1, 2022, the DOJ informed Ericsson that the disclosure made by the company prior to the DPA about its internal investigation into conduct in Iraq in the period 2011 until 2019 was insufficient. Furthermore, it determined that the company breached the DPA by failing to make subsequent disclosure related to the investigation post-DPA. The company is in communication with the DOJ regarding the facts and circumstances of the breach determination and is committed to co-operating with the DOJ to resolve the matter.

At this stage it is premature to predict the outcome of this matter.



Up next...





Key Takeaways



Follow emerging trends and regulatory priorities.



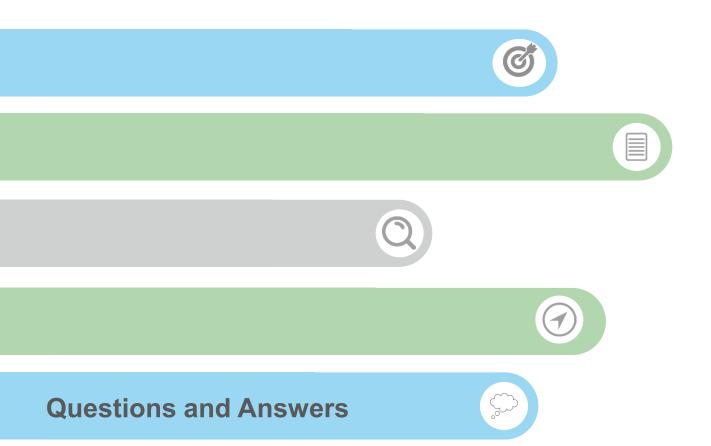
Be prepared to investigate credible tips and take action.



Enforcement actions reveal best practices—and cautionary tales.



And finally...





THANK YOU

